



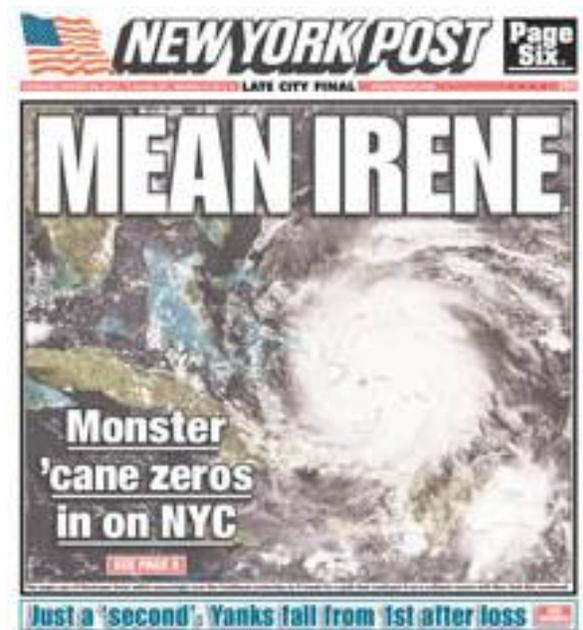
# Modeling a Hurricane: Superstorm Sandy

Aaron Byrd, Ph.D., P.E.



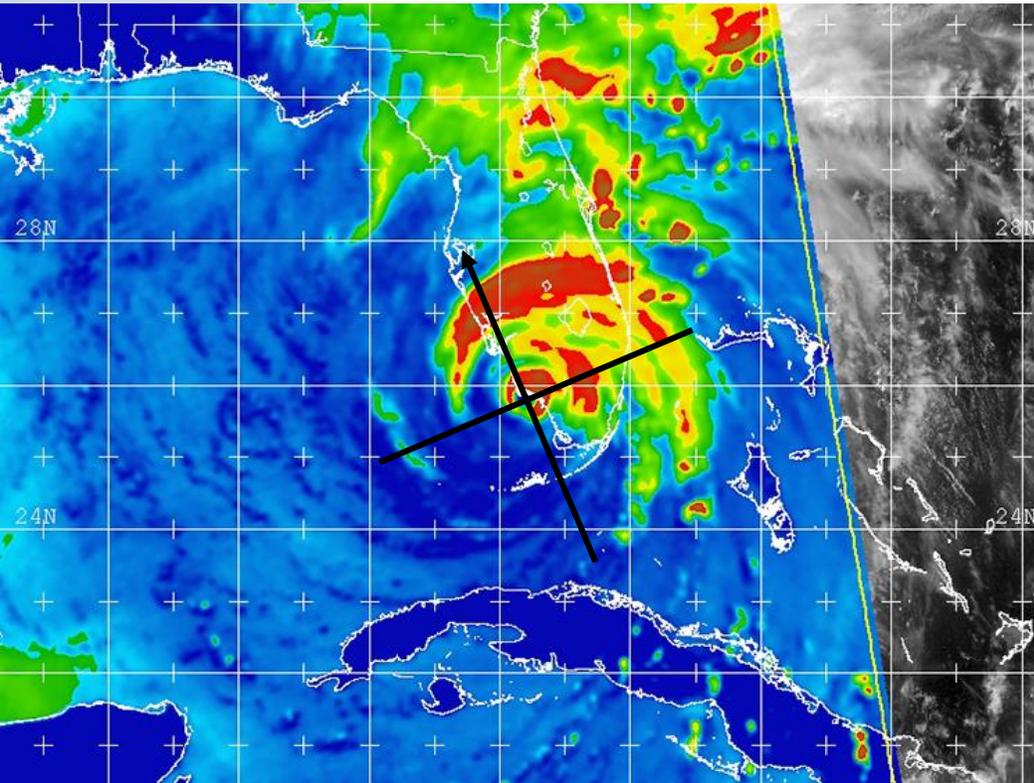
US Army Corps  
of Engineers.





# 2011: Hurricane Irene

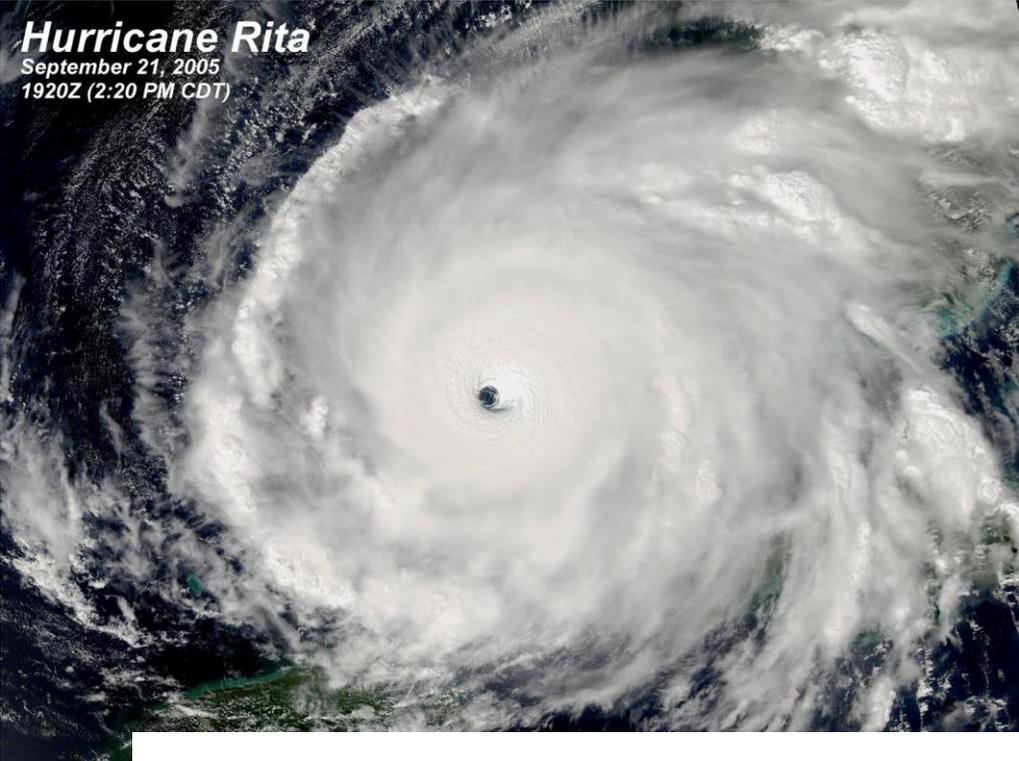
# Under the Hood of a Hurricane



| Category | Central Pressure |             | Winds (mph) | Surge   | Damage       |
|----------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------|
|          | Millibars        | Inches      |             |         |              |
| 5        | <920             | <27.17      | >155        | >18'    | Catastrophic |
| 4        | 944-920          | 27.88-27.17 | 131-155     | 13'-18' | Extreme      |
| 3        | 964-945          | 28.47-27.91 | 111-130     | 9'-12'  | Extensive    |
| 2        | 979-965          | 27.91-28.50 | 96-110      | 6'-8'   | Moderate     |
| 1        | 980              | 28.94       | 74-95       | 4-5'    | Minimal      |

Walker, Nan & Haag, Alaric & Balasubramanian, Shreekanth & Leben, Robert & van Heerden, Ivor & Kemp, Paul & Mashriqui, Hassan. (2006). Hurricane Prediction: A Century of Advances. *Oceanography*. 19. 24-36. 10.5670/oceanog.2006.60.

# Tropical vs Post-Tropical Storm Shape



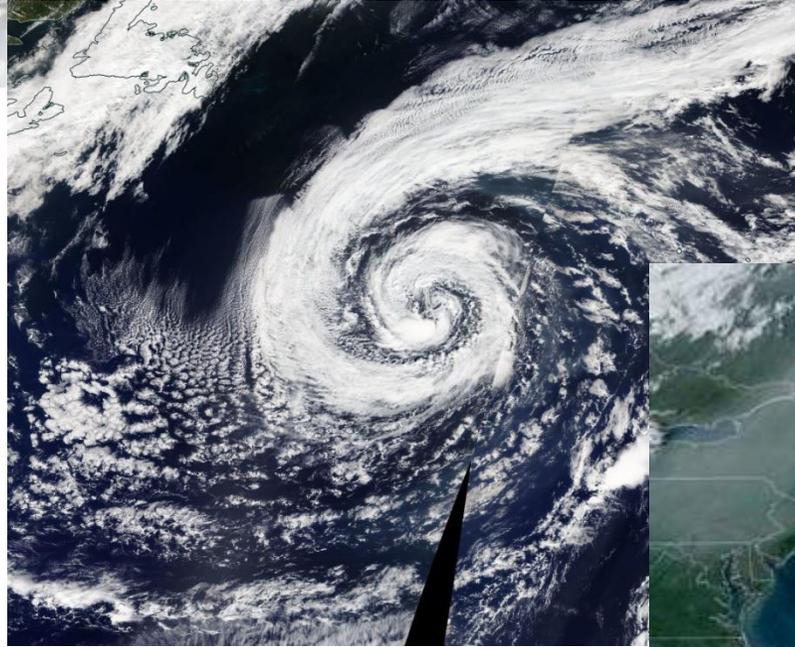
## Tropical

Usually Symmetrically Shaped

Warm-core, No fronts

Inflow bands tend to be from the south

Rainfall tends to be concentrated in bands around the center



## Post-Tropical / Extratropical

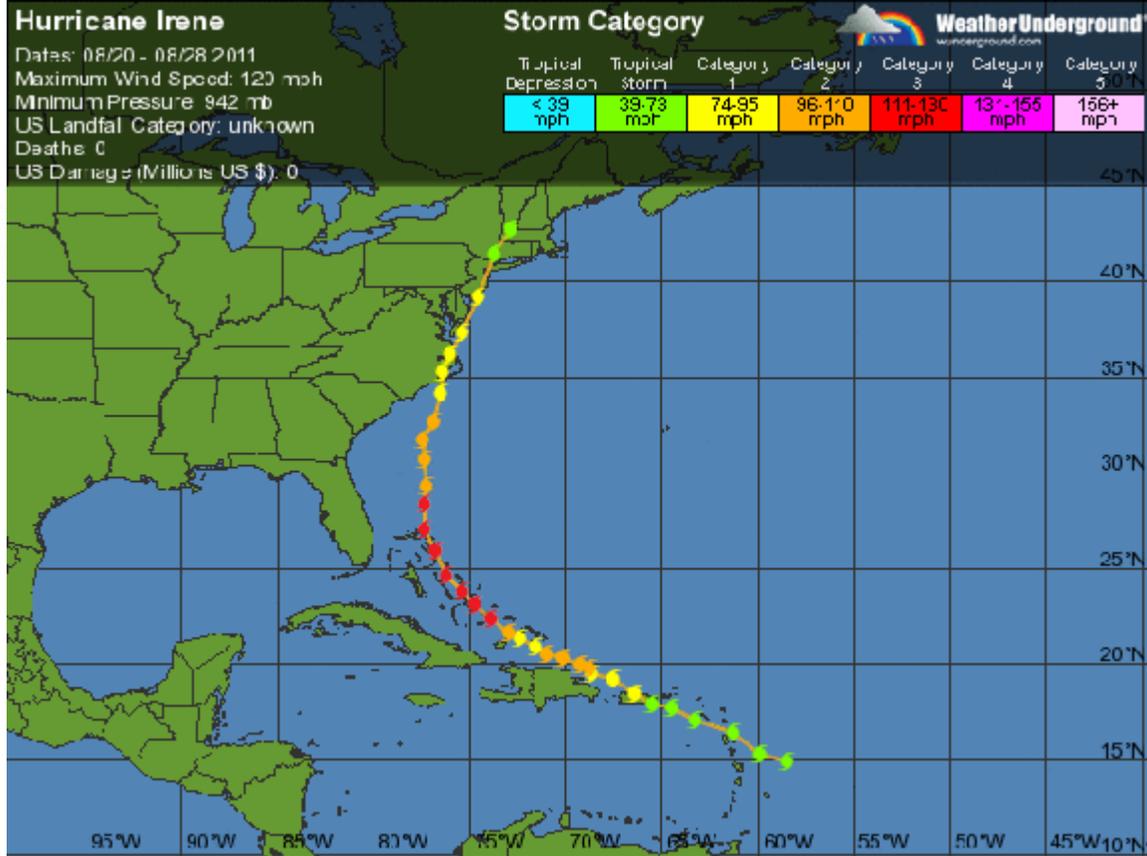
Usually "Comma Shaped"

Cold-core, has fronts

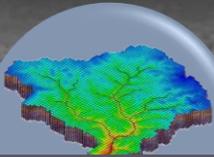
Inflow and outflow bands tend to be from the north

Rainfall tends to be spread out across 100's of miles

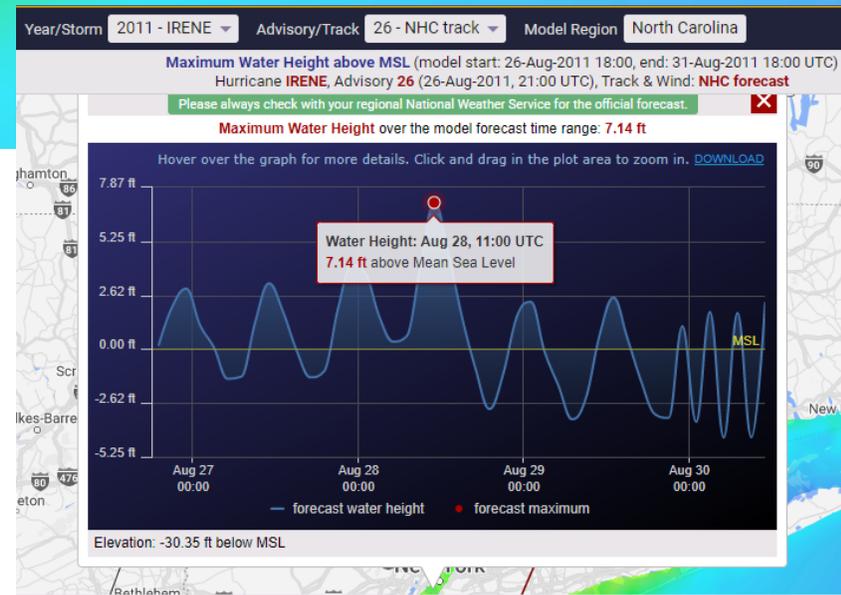
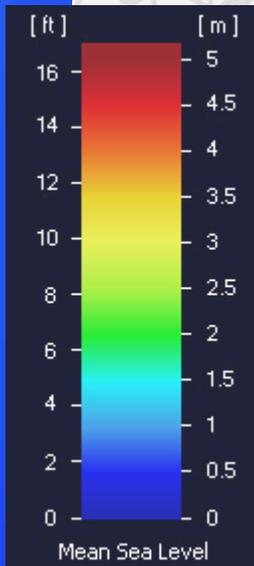
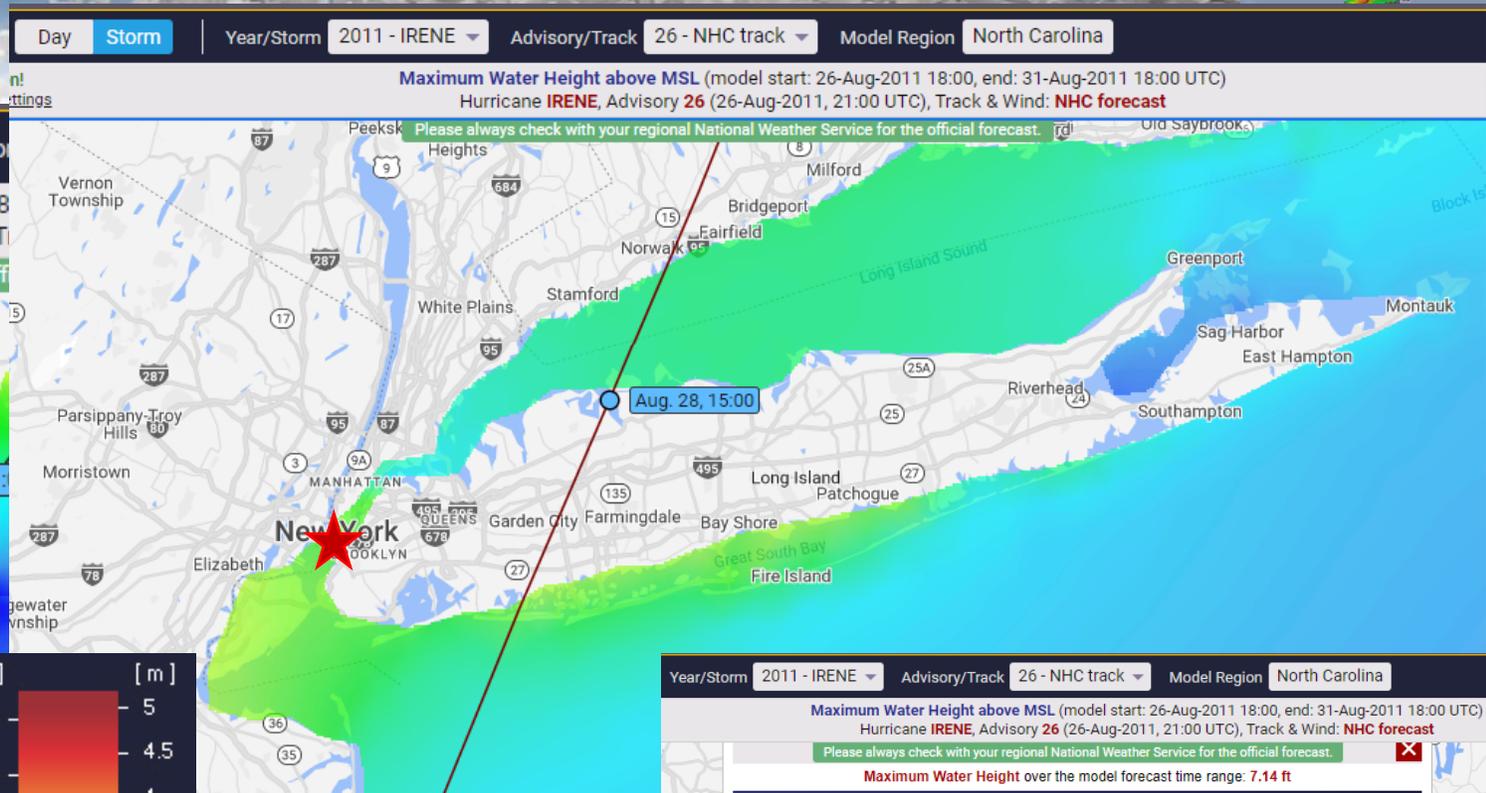
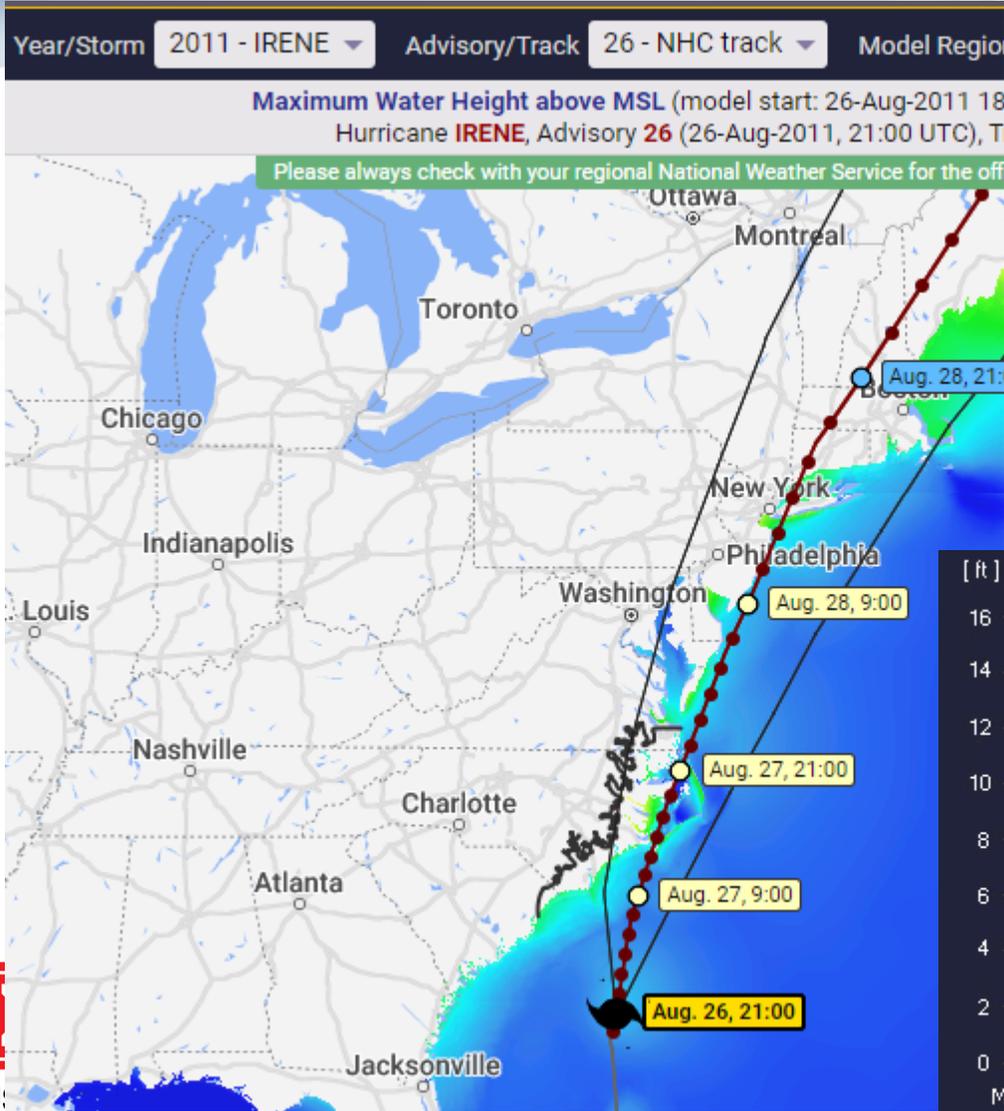
# Hurricane Irene



# Hurricane Irene Forecast Storm Surge



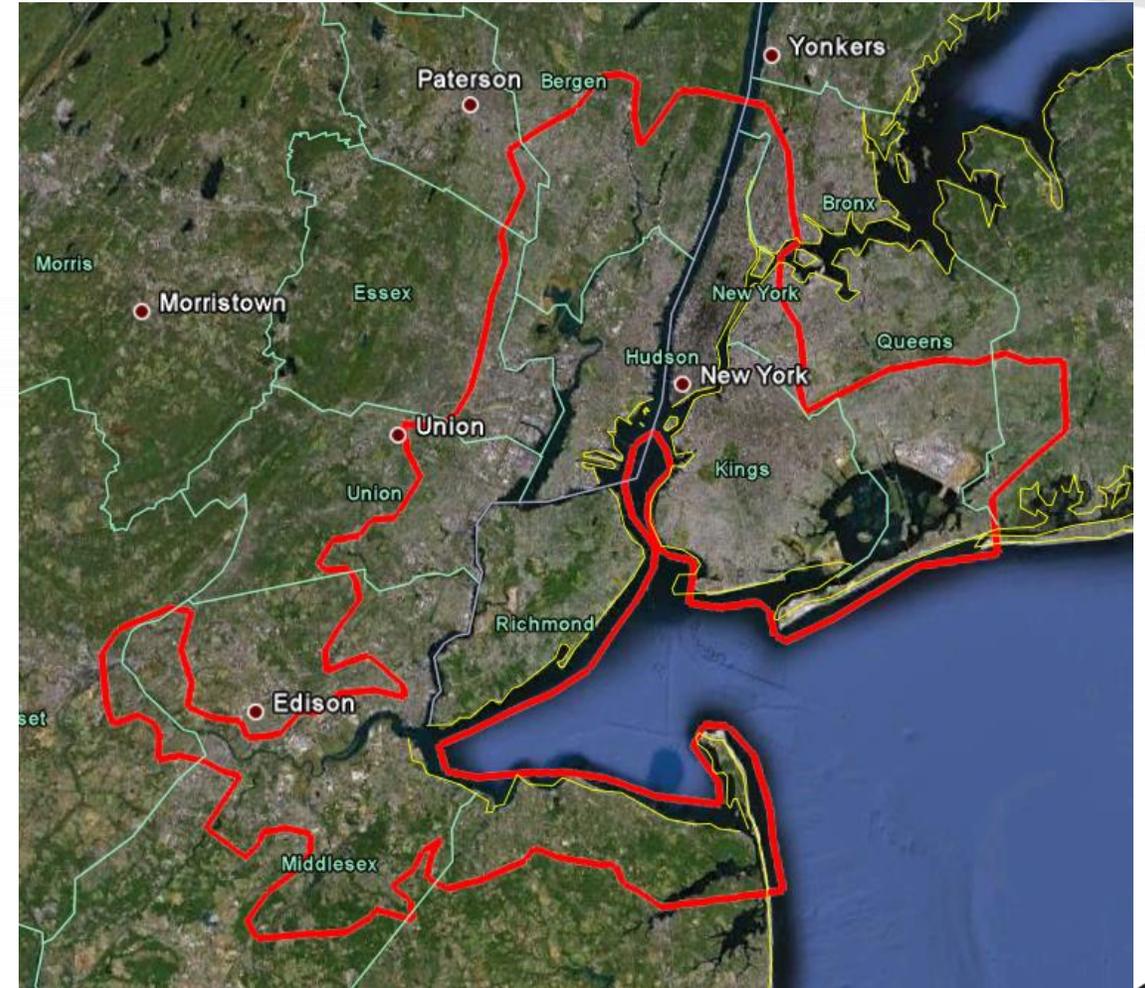
36 hours before New York



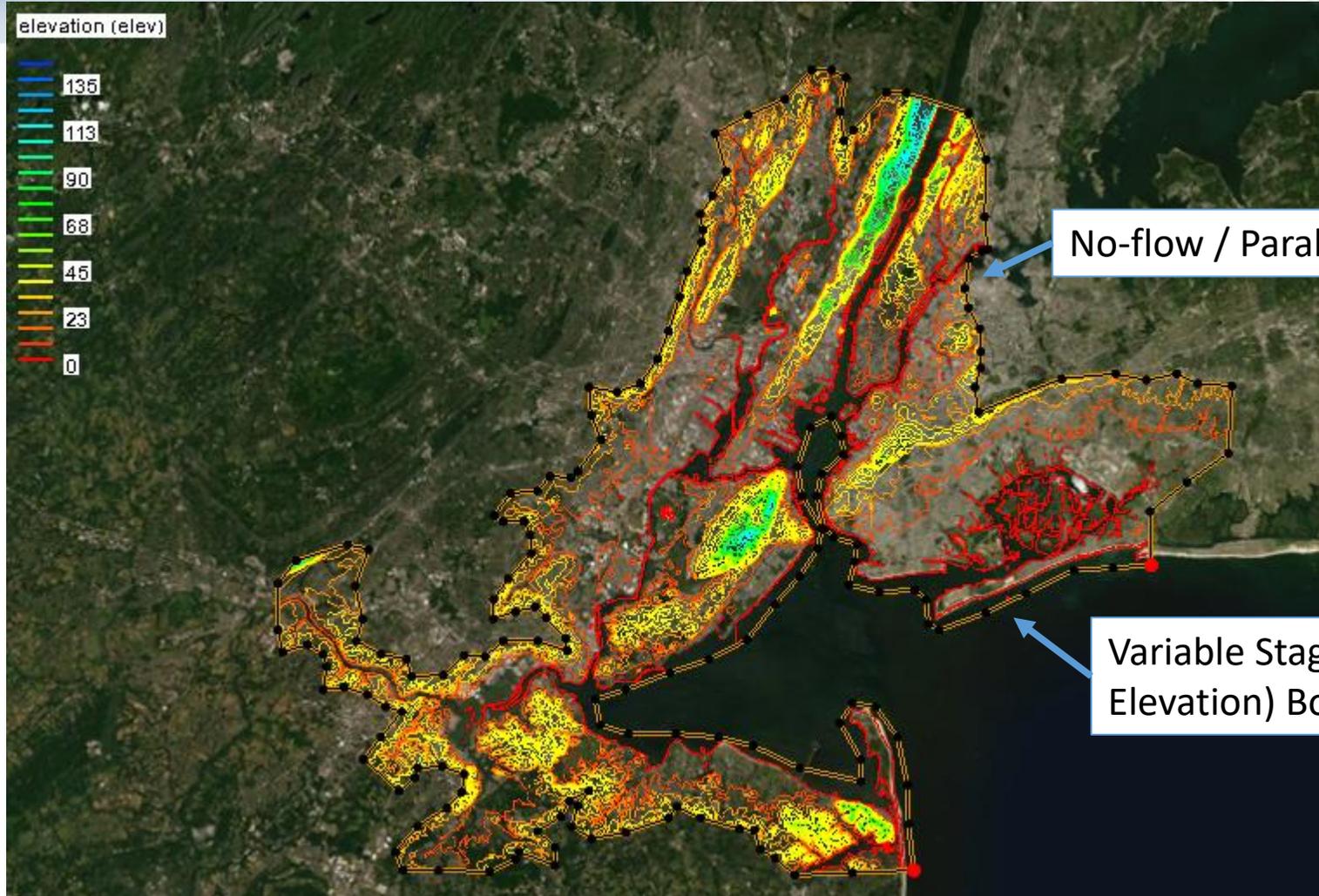
# GSSHA New York Models



- GSSHA 2D Overland Flow Model used to predict inland flood inundation
  - Use time-varying specified head condition for storm surge
- 2 Models:
  - Central NY Model @75m (right)
  - Long Island Model @150m
- Rainfall estimated from NWS plots
- Storm surge from ADCIRC



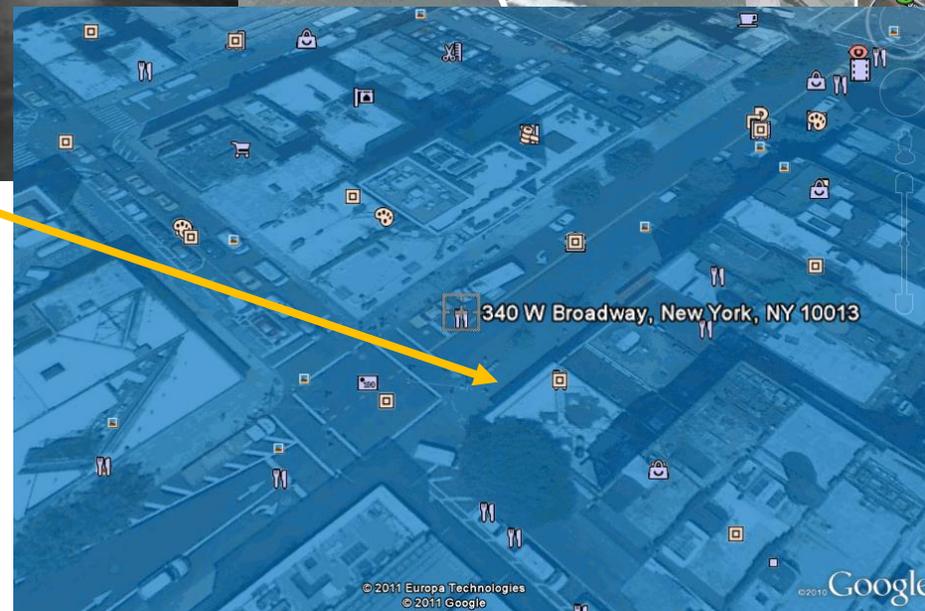
# Hurricane Irene: Model Design



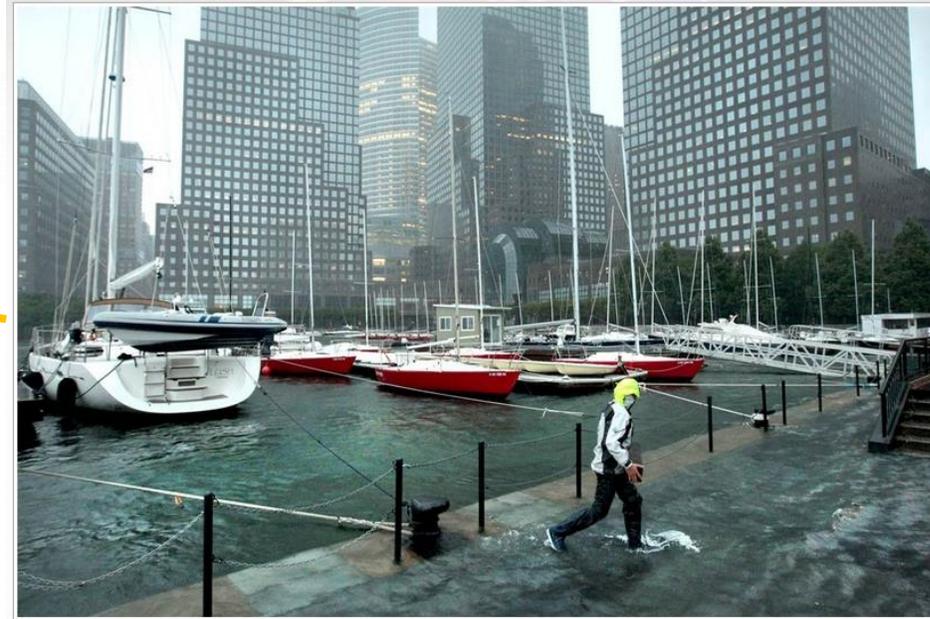
- 75m cell size chosen to be as fine as possible while running in under 3 hours.
- Uniform Manning's  $n$  of 0.3 used (urban-ish)



# Restaurant Felix @ Grand and West Broadway



# North Cove Marina



Hurricane Irene's wind and rain pour down as North Cove Marina employees work to secure gangways, docks and boats as seawater comes over the marina's low walls just before high tide in the World Financial Center Plaza on Aug. 28 in New York City.

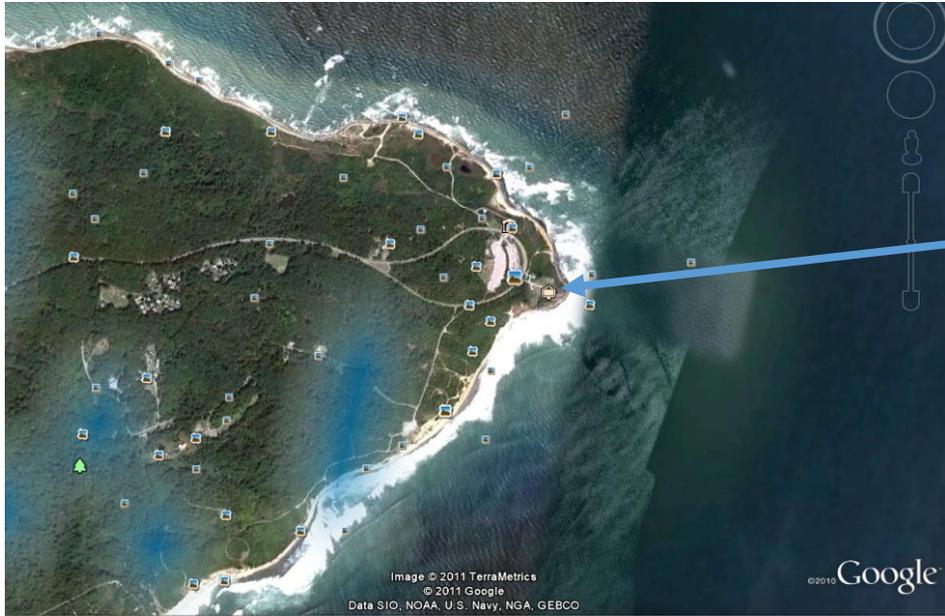
Chip Somodevilla / Getty Images



US Army Corps  
of Engineers.



# Montauk Point Lighthouse



A lighthouse-shaped building is battered by storm surge and winds from Hurricane Irene in Montauk, New York on Aug. 28.

Lucas Jackson / Reuters

# Superstorm Sandy



## HURRICANE SANDY

October 22-31, 2012

- 233 killed (106 directly)
- \$75 billion (2012 USD)
- Second costliest hurricane in U.S. history

● OCT 29: NEW JERSEY LANDFALL

ATLANTIC OCEAN

GULF OF MEXICO

STORM CATEGORY

Hurricane

Tropical Storm

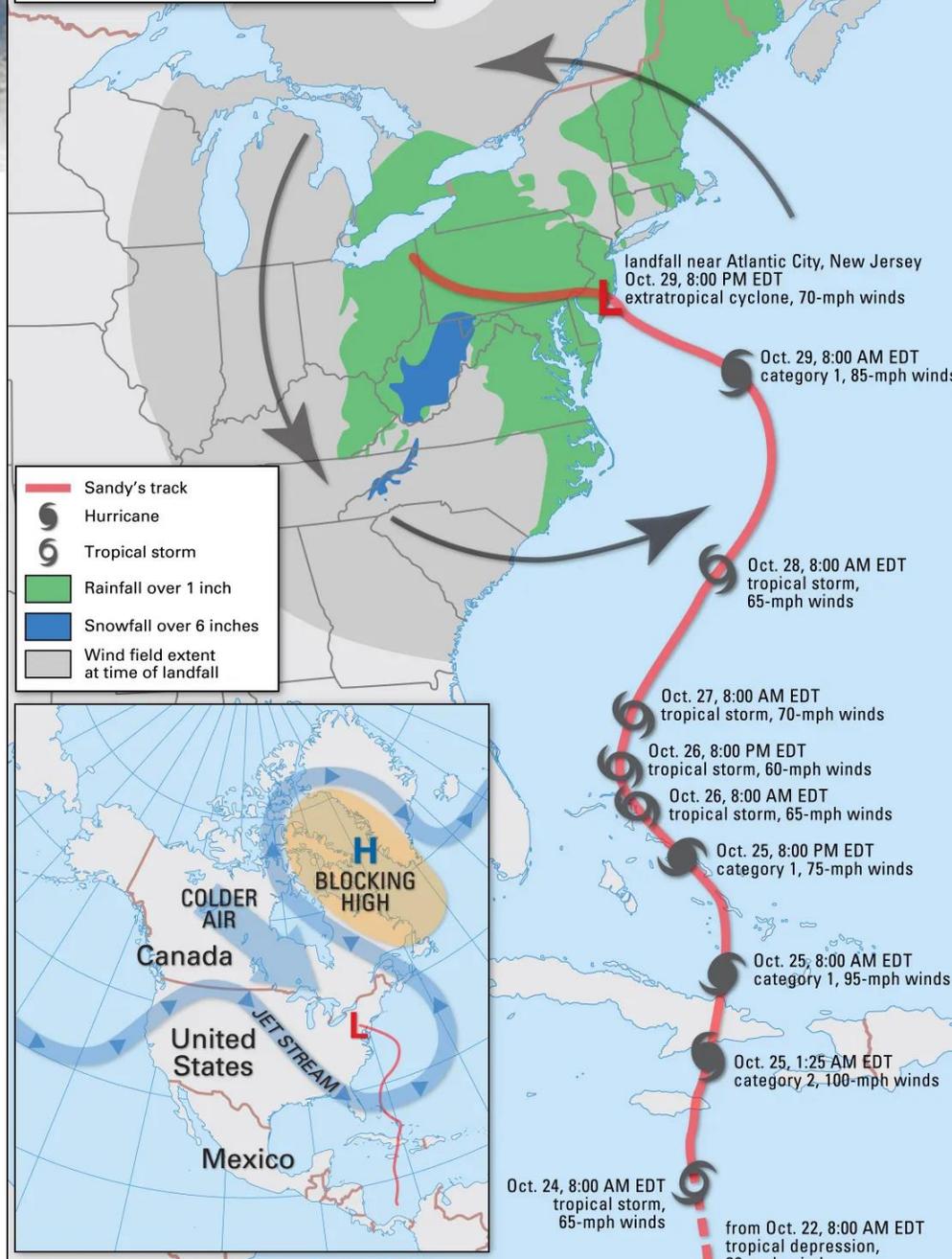


# Superstorm Sandy



## SUPERSTORM SANDY OCTOBER 22-29, 2012

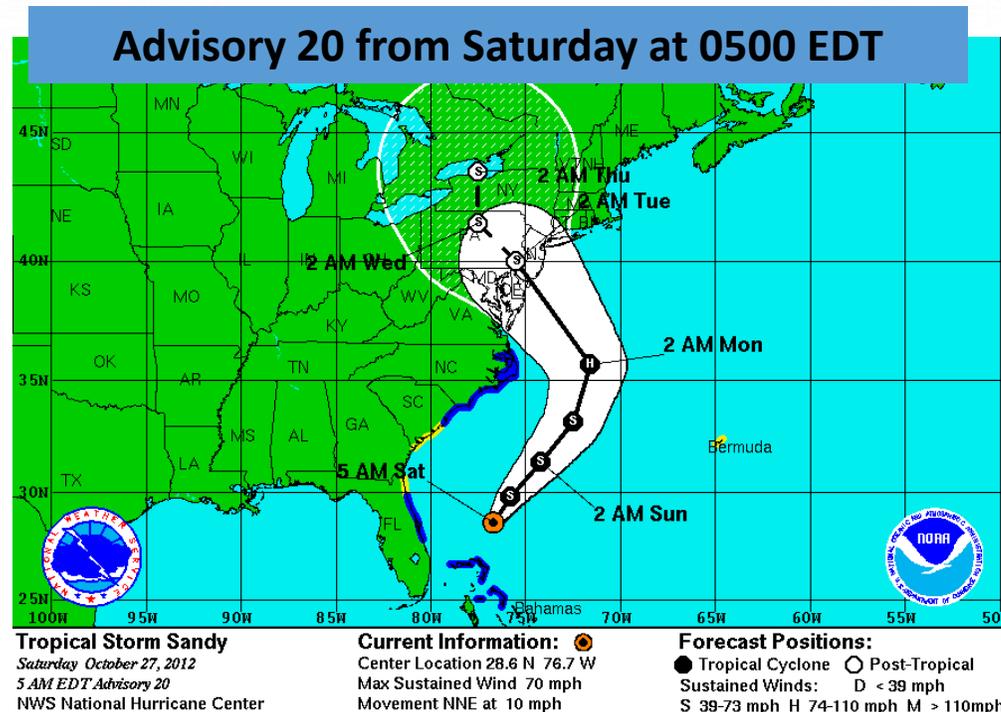
Source: NOAA



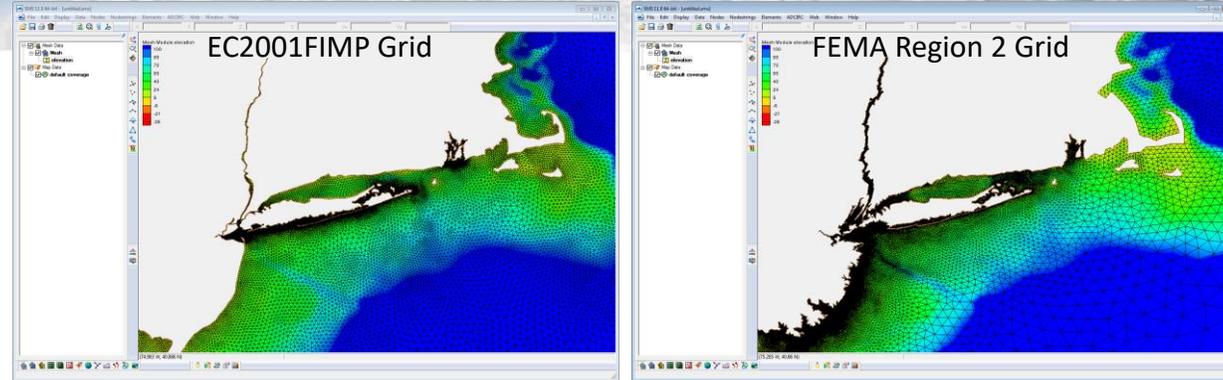
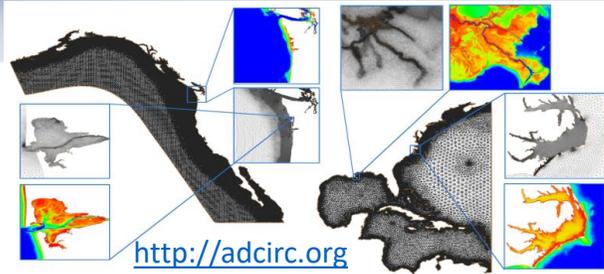
# CHL's Modeling Efforts



- On Saturday Oct. 27, 2012, ERDC CHL was asked by the New York District (NAN) through the UROC to provide estimates to potential flooding in the New York City area before 1200 EDT on Monday October, 29, 2012.
- Provide potential coastal storm surge estimates using the hydrodynamic model **ADCIRC**
- Provide potential inland flooding estimates using the overland flow model **GSSHA**



# ADCIRC Coastal Circulation and Storm Surge Model



- An unstructured finite element hydrodynamics model
- 2D and 3D simulations
- Wetting/Drying algorithm allows for storm surge inundation over previously dry land
- Highly portable code
- A part of ERDC's Coastal Storm Modeling System

## Surge Modeling for Sandy

- Used two meshes
  - EC2001FIMP Grid
  - FEMA Region 2 Grid
- Used tidal forcing and the imbedded asymmetric vortex Holland wind/pressure model
- Wind model inputs derived from the NHC forecast using the ASGS in collaboration with Dr. Jason Fleming and Dr. Rick Luettich
- Advisories 22 – 31 were simulated
- Advisory 26 results sent to NAN.

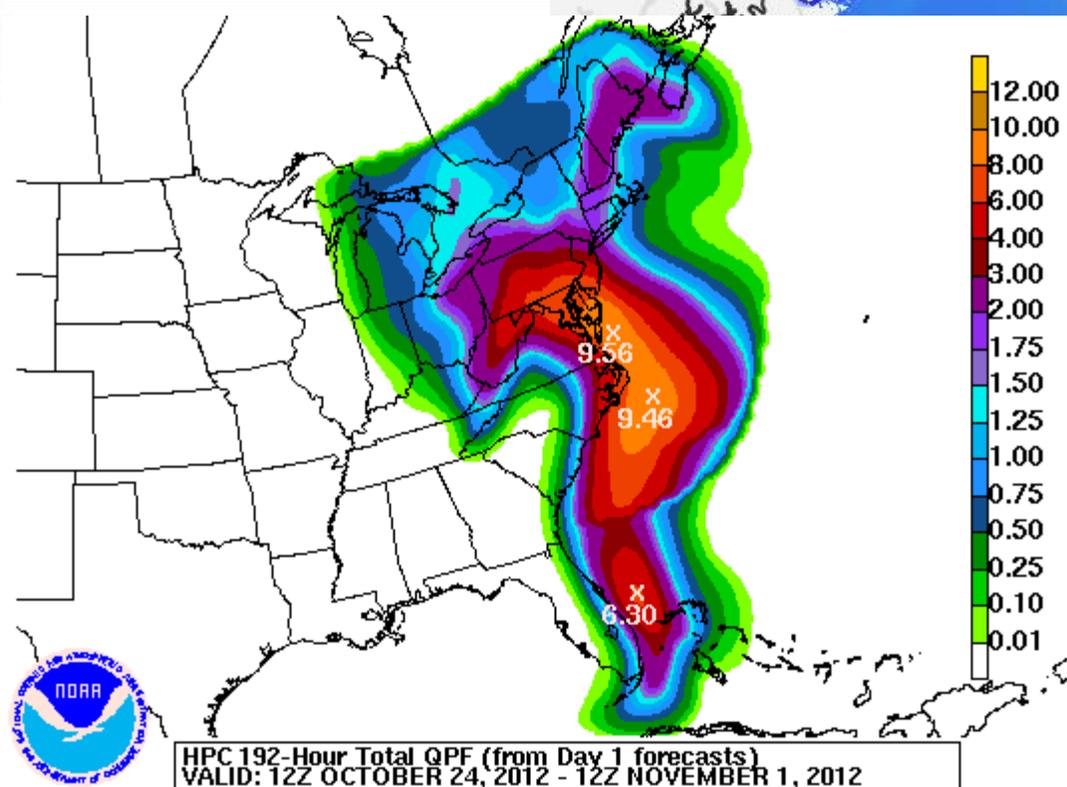
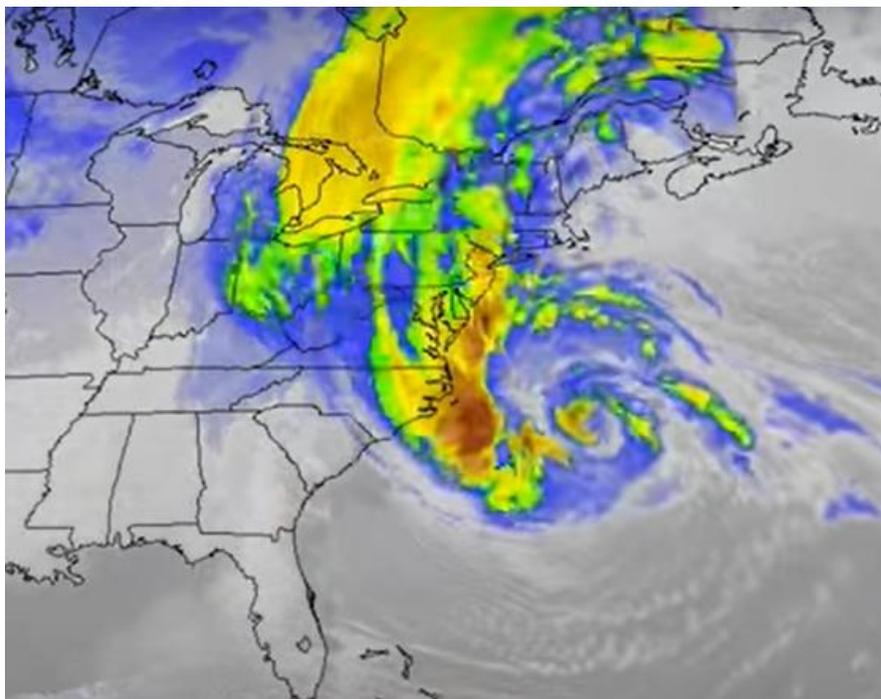
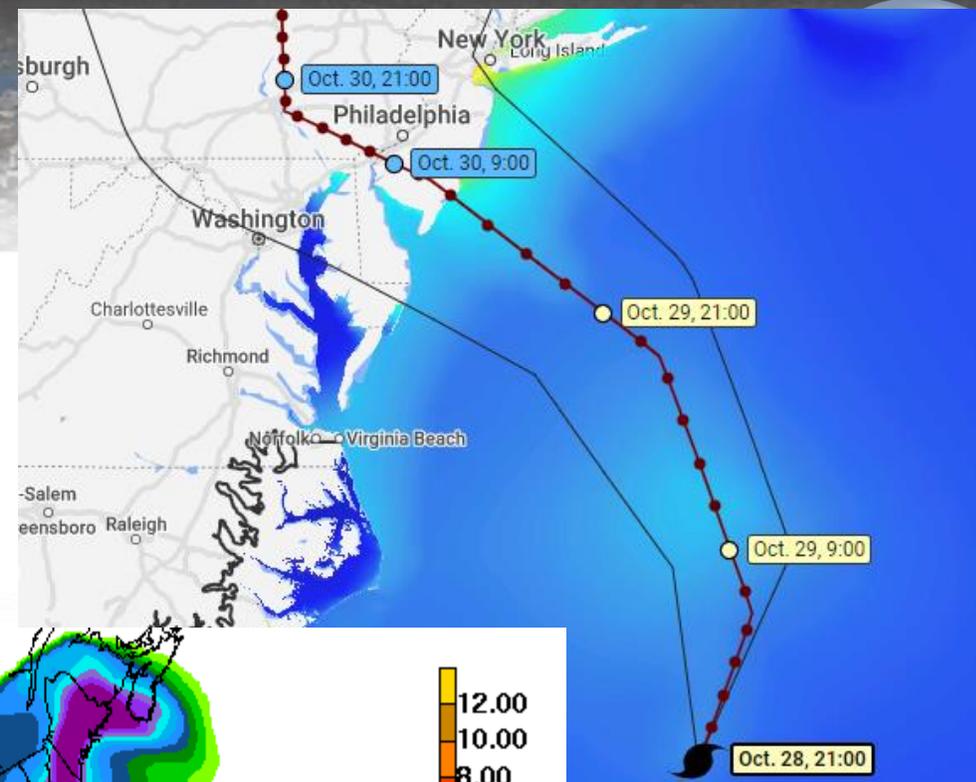


US Army Corps of Engineers.



# NHC Sandy Advisory 26

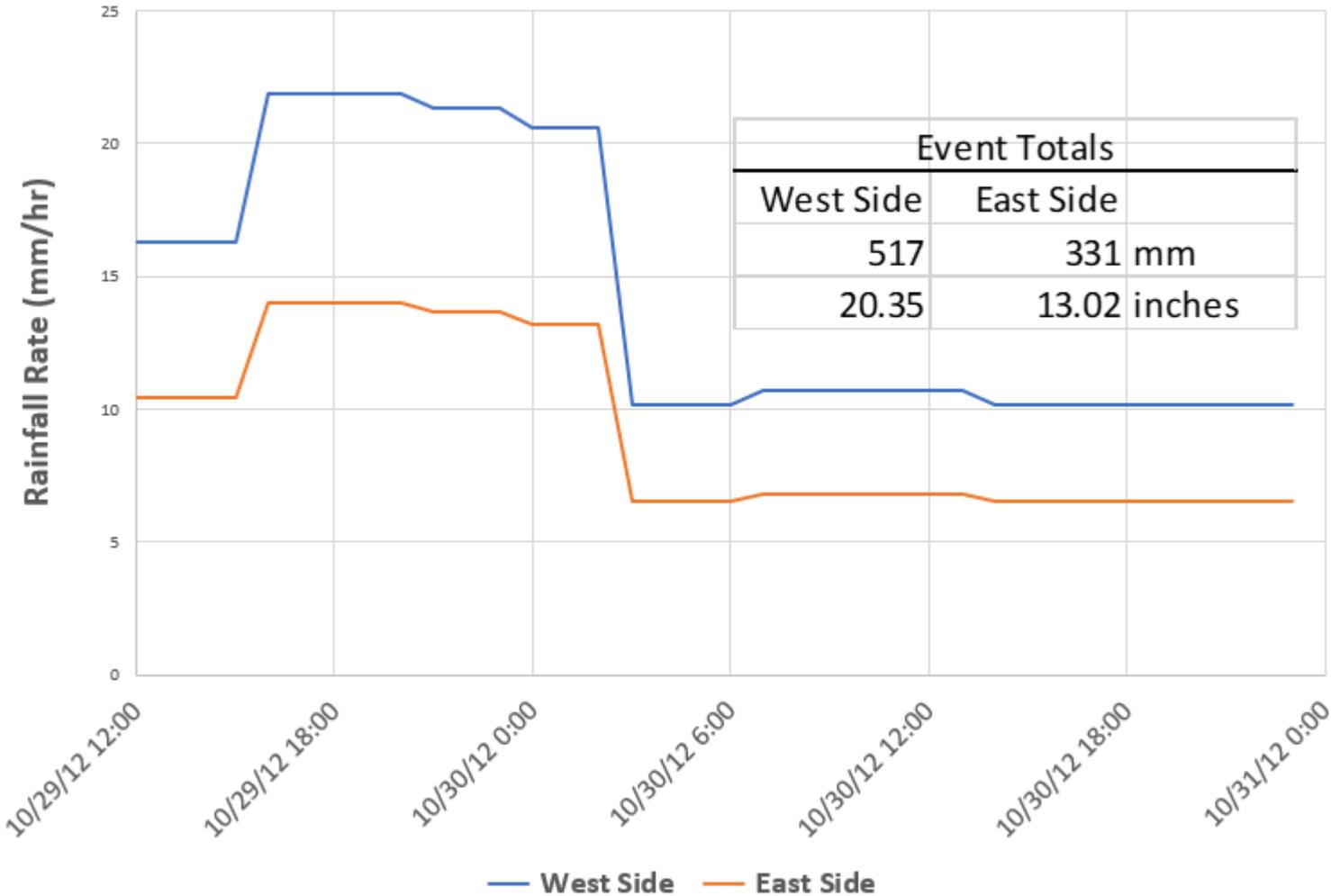
IN ADDITION...HURRICANE-FORCE WINDS ARE EXPECTED ALONG PORTIONS OF THE COAST BETWEEN CHINCOTEAGUE VIRGINIA AND CHATHAM MASSACHUSETTS. THIS INCLUDES THE TIDAL POTOMAC FROM COBB ISLAND TO SMITH POINT...THE MIDDLE AND UPPER CHESAPEAKE BAY...DELAWARE BAY...AND THE COASTS OF THE NORTHERN DELMARVA PENINSULA...NEW JERSEY...THE NEW YORK CITY AREA...LONG ISLAND...CONNECTICUT...AND RHODE ISLAND.



# Forecast Rainfall



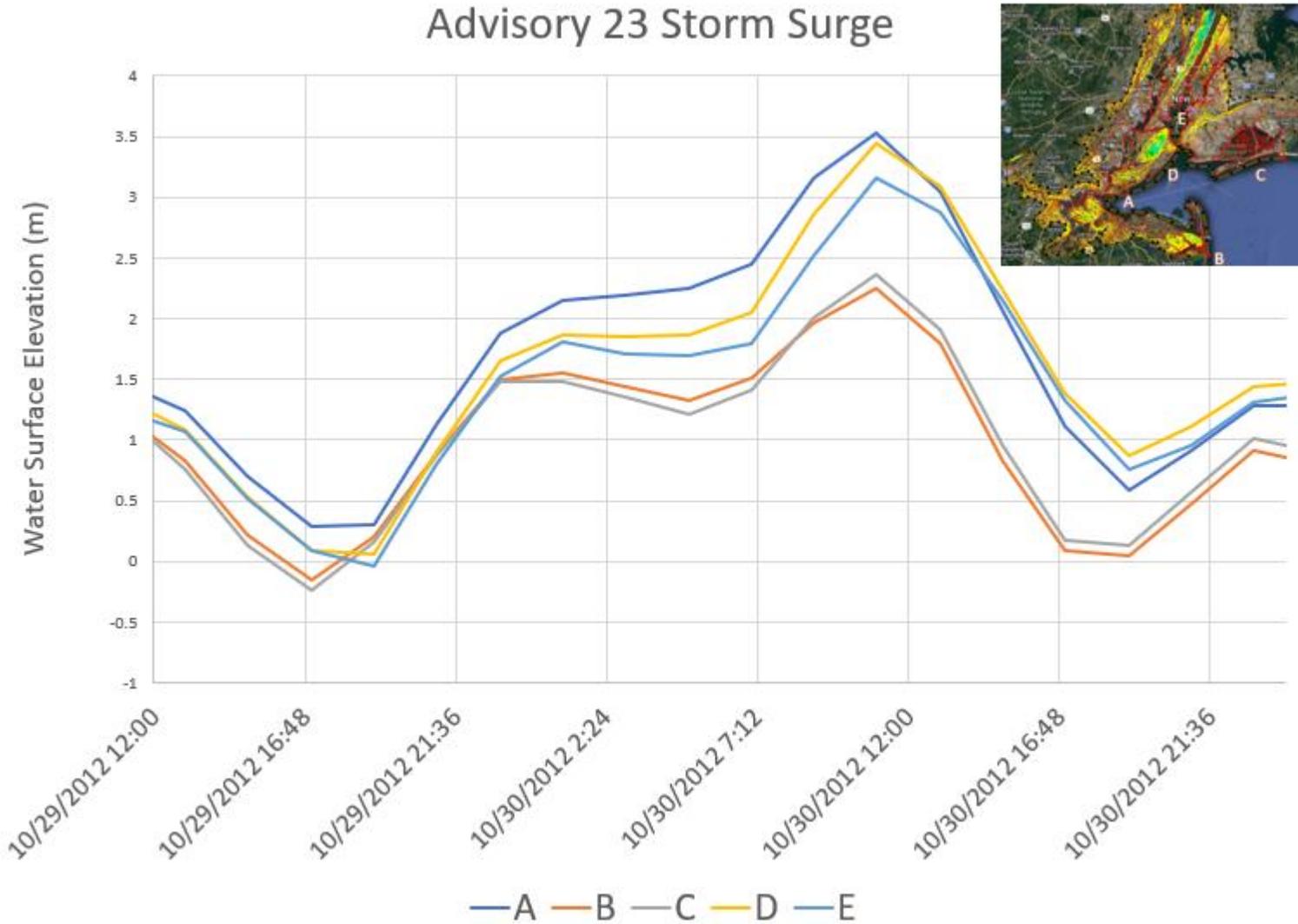
## Hurricane Sandy Forecast Rainfall



# Storm Surge



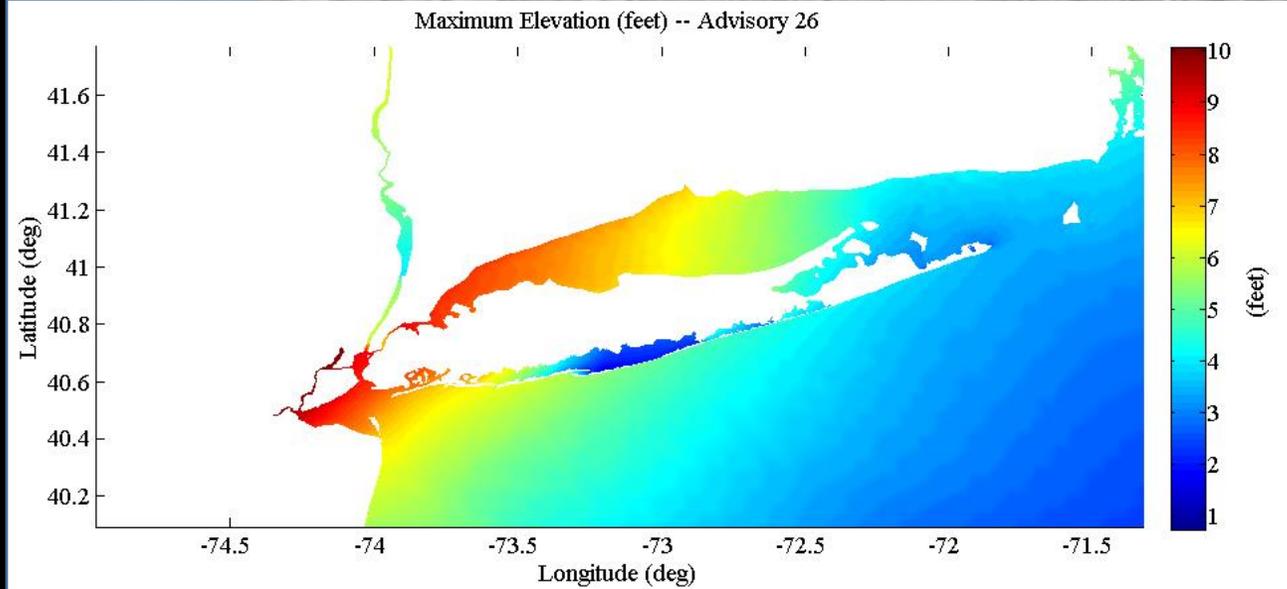
### Advisory 23 Storm Surge



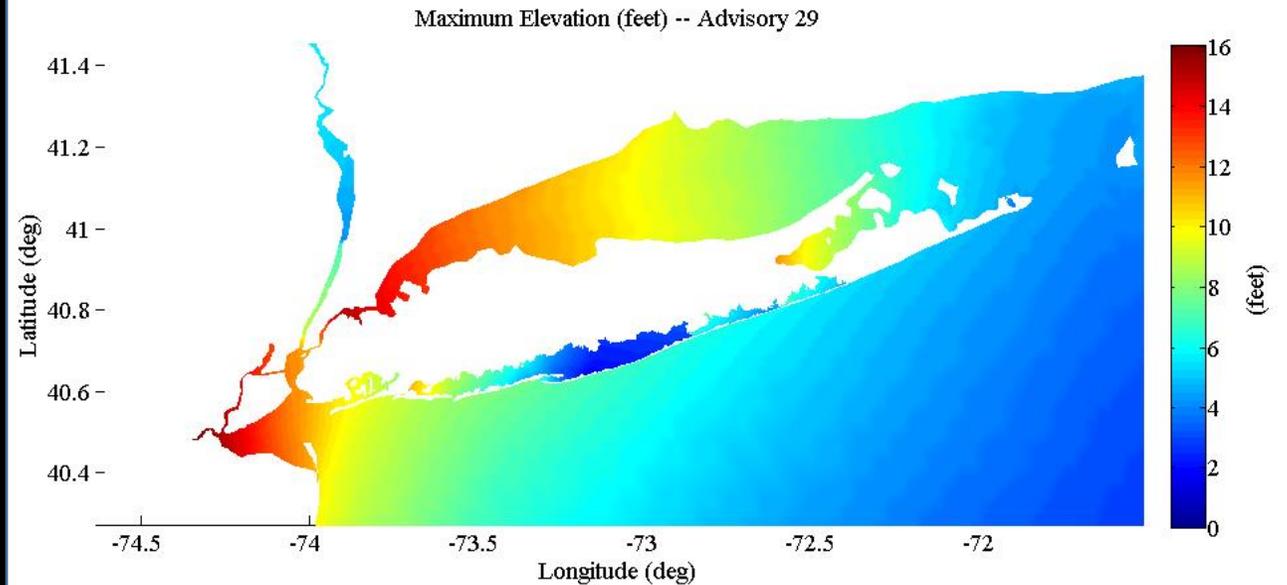
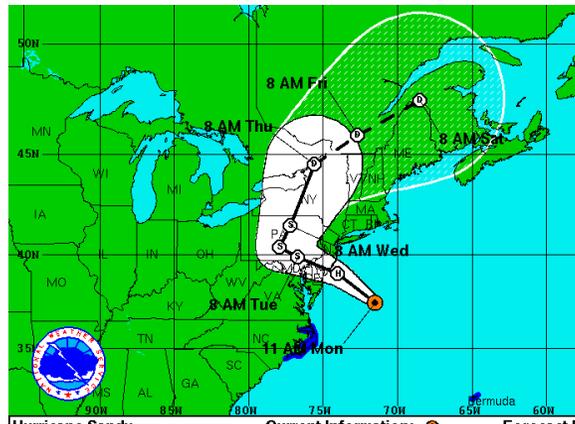
# Max Elevation (ft MSL)



## Advisory 26



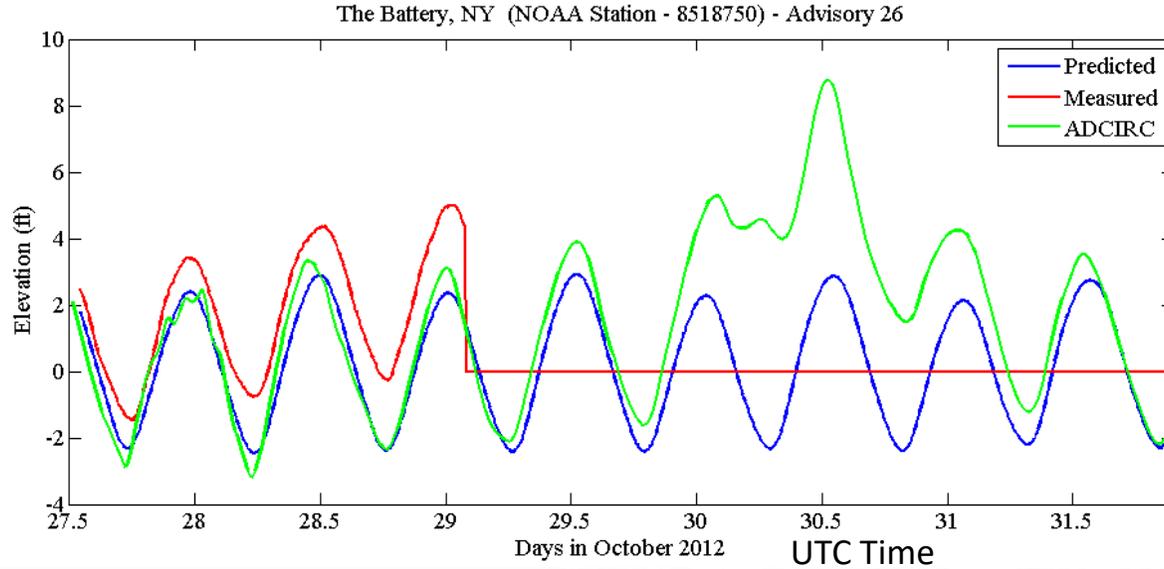
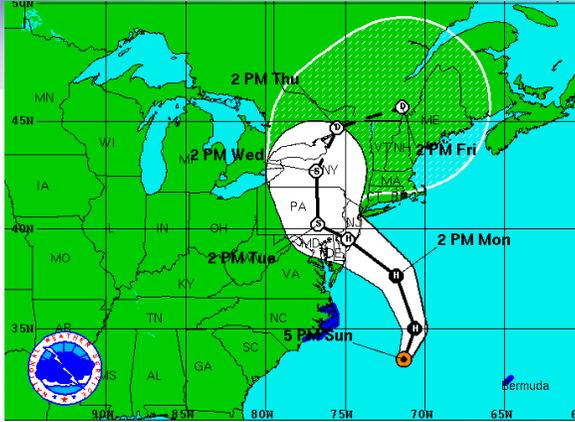
## Advisory 29



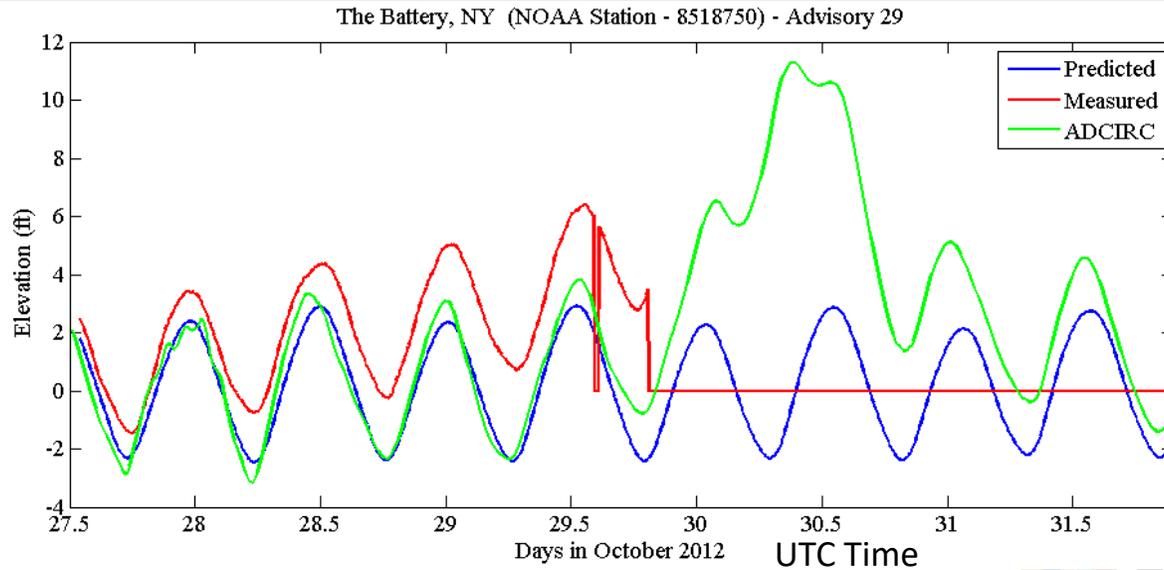
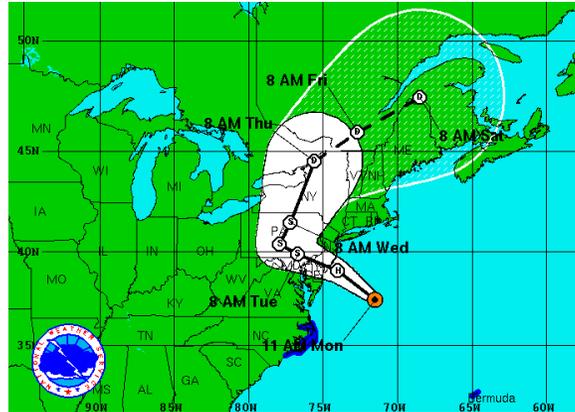
# The Battery, NY Elevation (ft MSL)



## Advisory 26



## Advisory 29



Datum Conversions at this Location  
 MSL to NAVD88 subtract 0.21 ft  
 MSL to MLLW add 2.57 ft

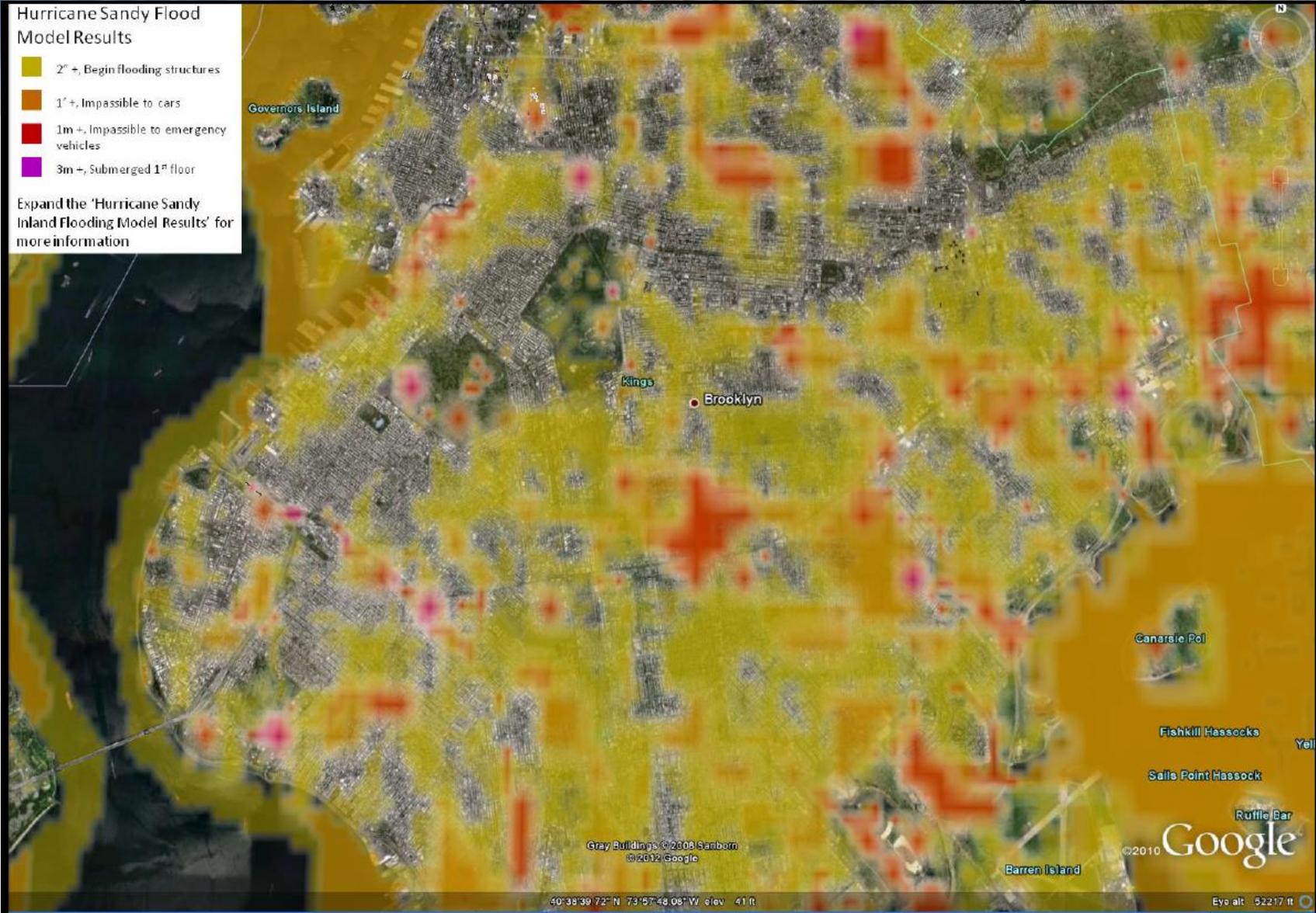


US Army Corps of Engineers.

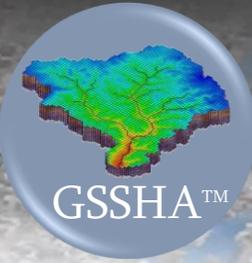
EC2001FIMP Grid



# GSSHA Results from Advisory 26



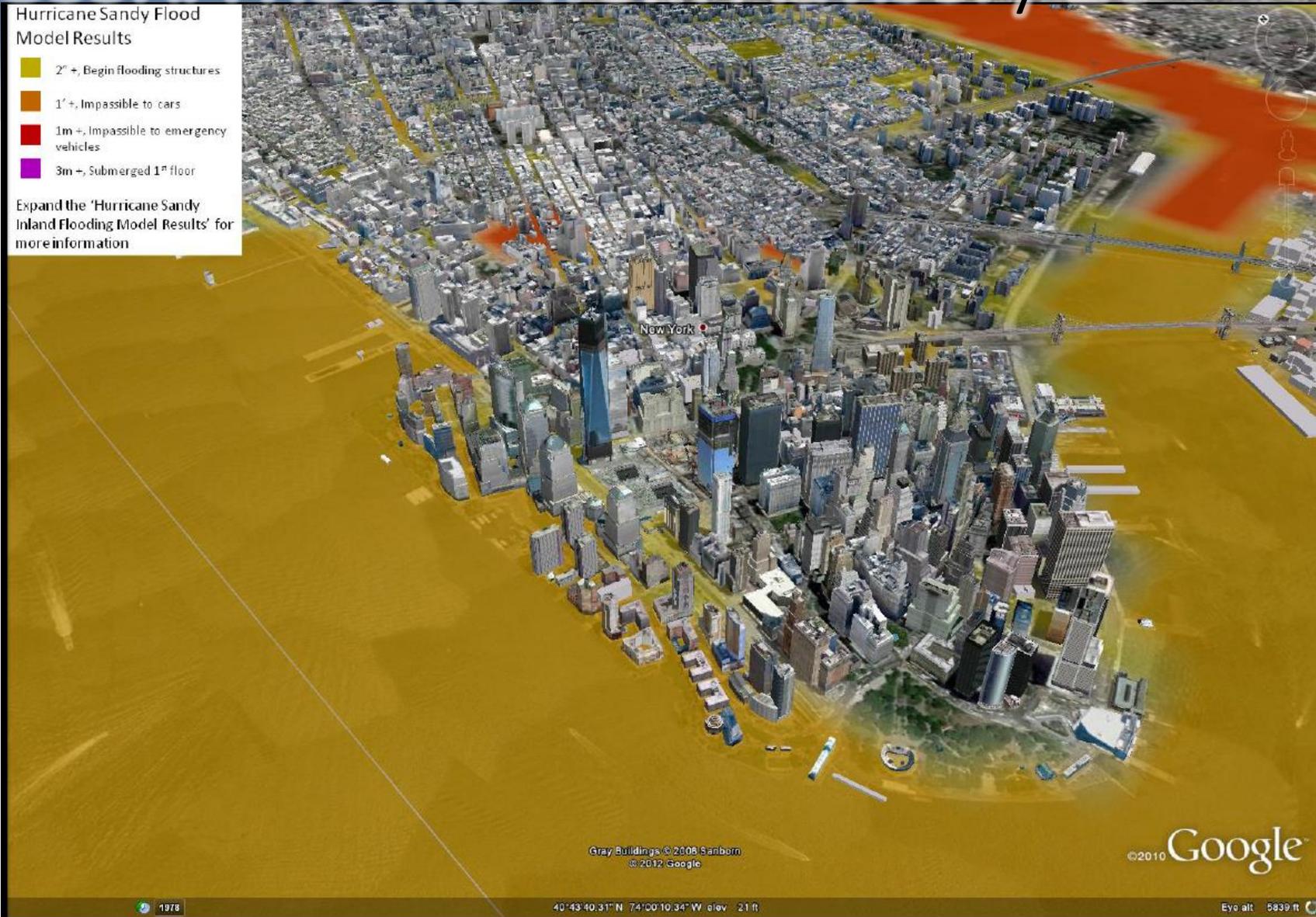
# GSSHA Results from Advisory 26



Hurricane Sandy Flood Model Results

- 2' +, Begin flooding structures
- 1' +, Impossible to cars
- 1m +, Impossible to emergency vehicles
- 3m +, Submerged 1<sup>st</sup> floor

Expand the 'Hurricane Sandy Inland Flooding Model Results' for more information



# GSSHA Sandy Results



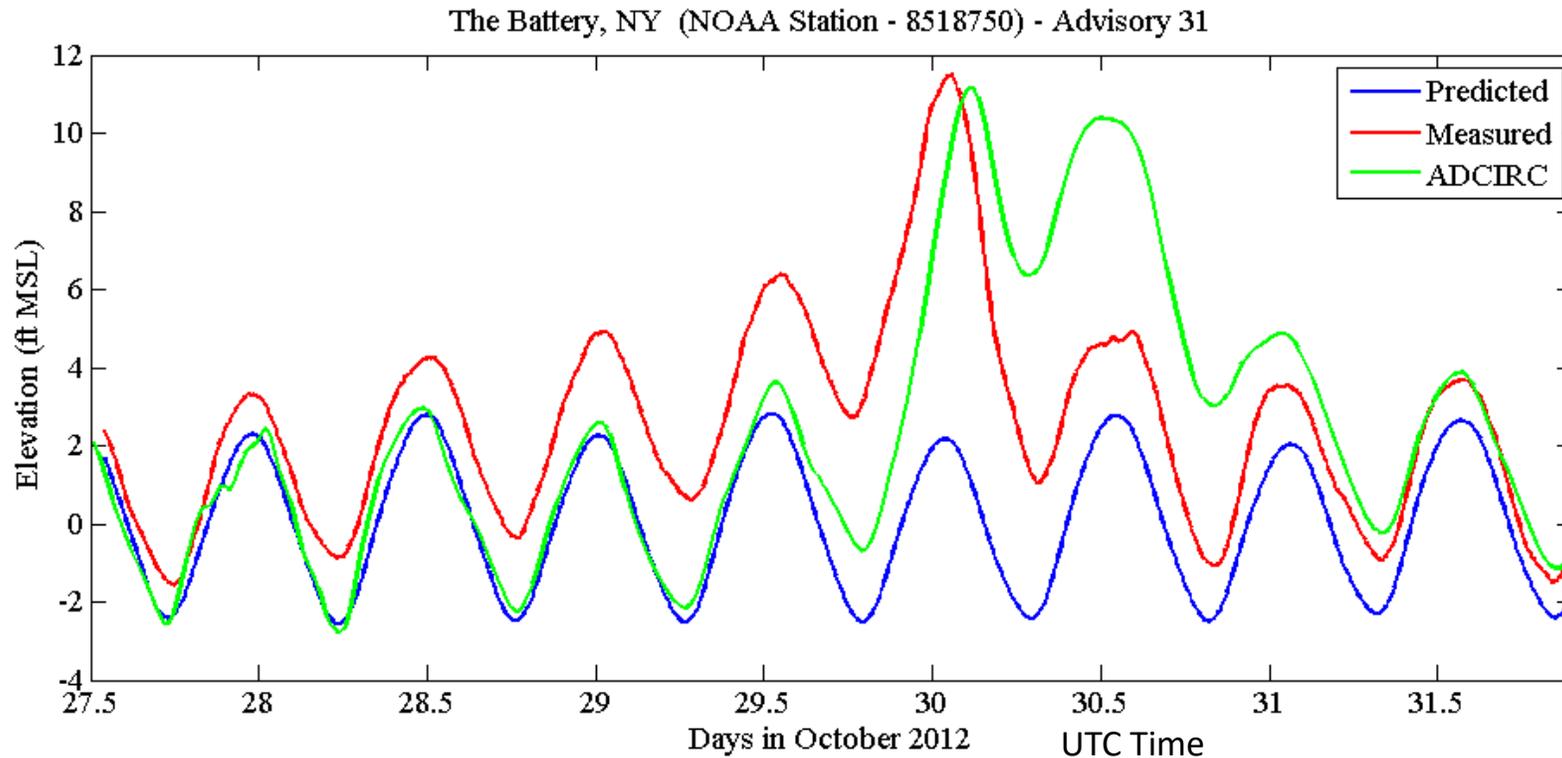
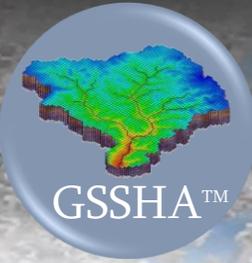
US Army Corps  
of Engineers.

© 2013 Google  
Image © 2013 TerraMetrics  
Gray Buildings © 2008 Sanborn

Google earth

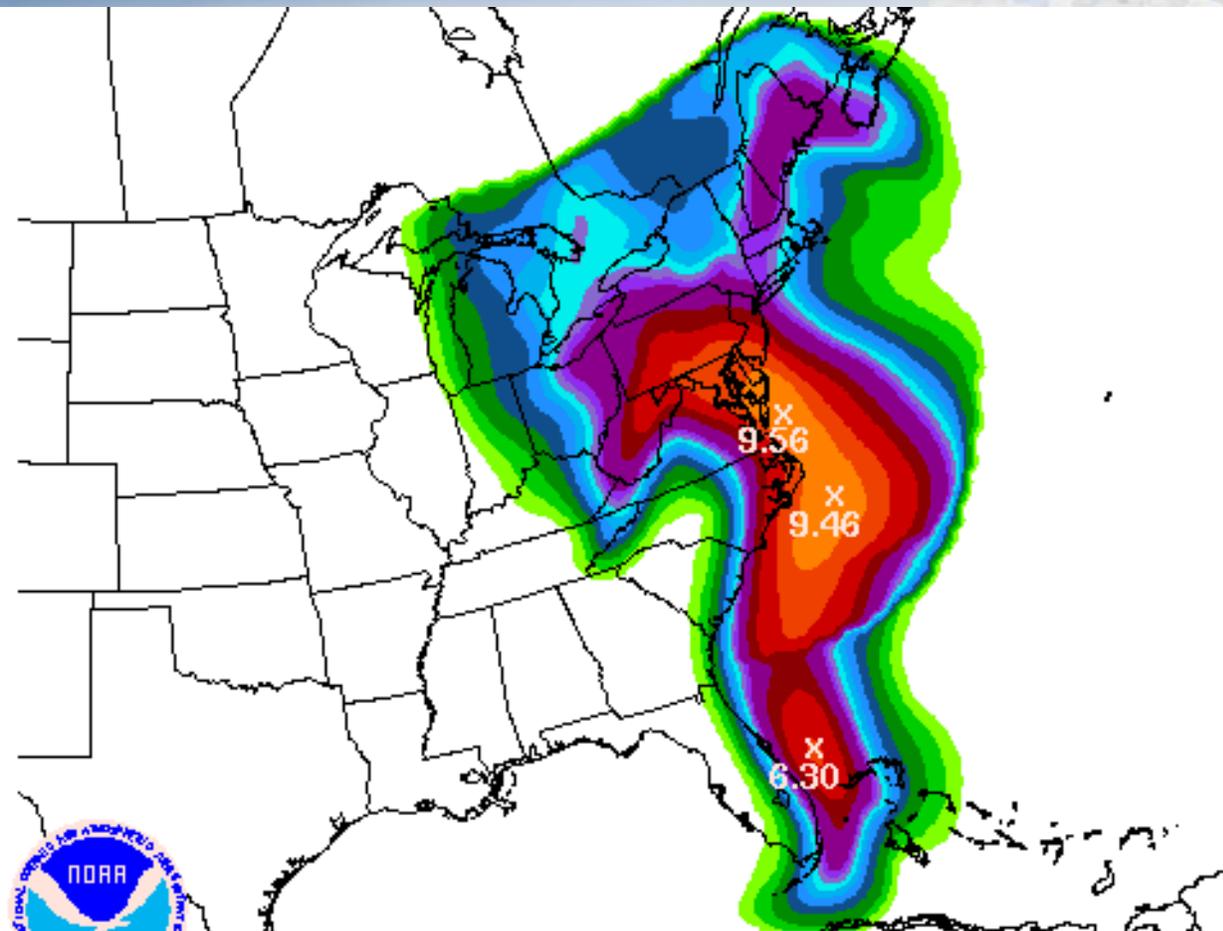


# Comparison of Hurricane Sandy Water Elevations (ft MSL) at the NOAA Gauge at the Battery, NY

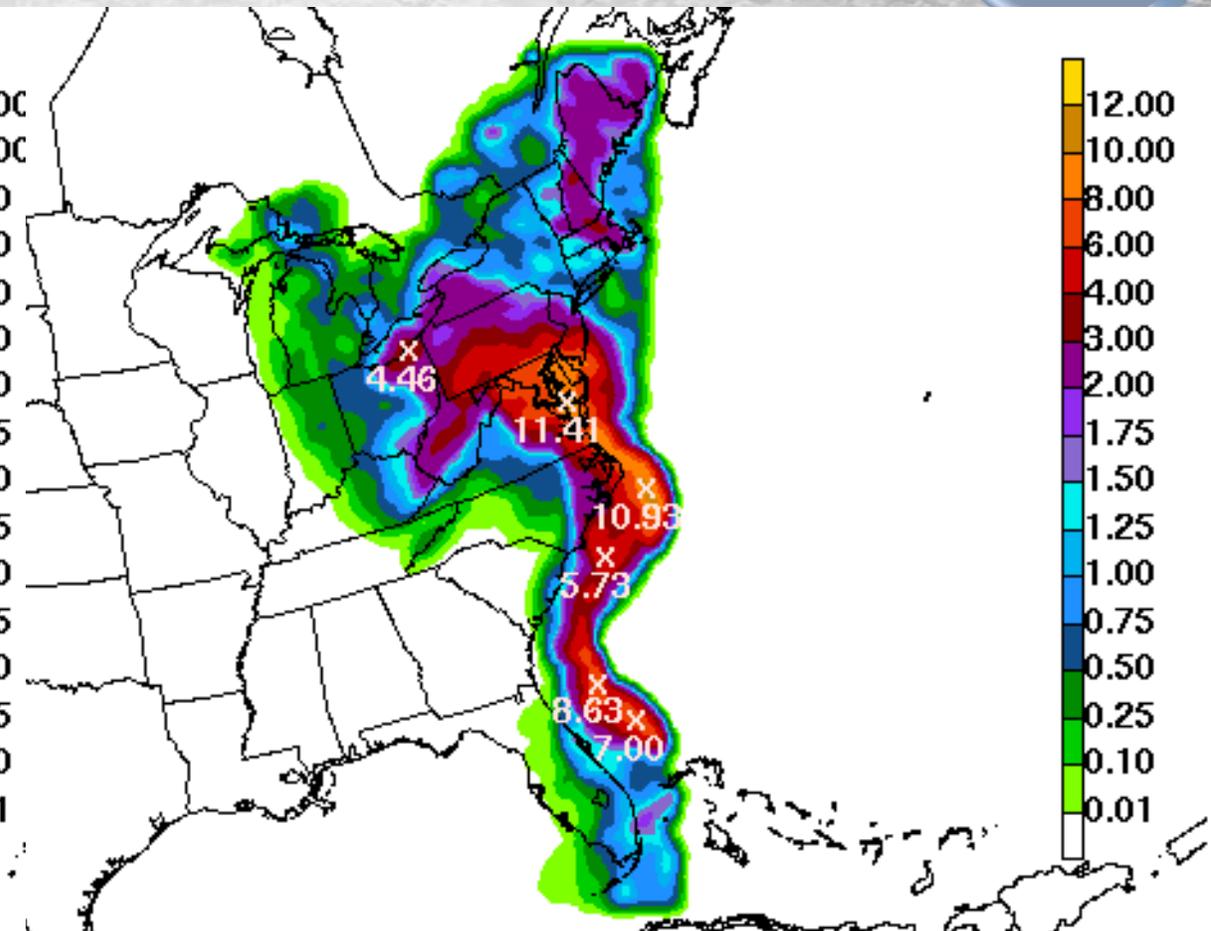


Datum Conversions at this Location  
MSL to NAVD88 subtract 0.21 ft  
MSL to MLLW add 2.57 ft

# Sandy Rainfall



HPC 192-Hour Total QPF (from Day 1 forecasts)  
VALID: 12Z OCTOBER 24, 2012 - 12Z NOVEMBER 1, 2012



STAGEIV 192-Hour Total QPE  
VALID: 12Z OCTOBER 24, 2012 - 12Z NOVEMBER 1, 2012



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of Engineers.



# GSSHA Post Assessment

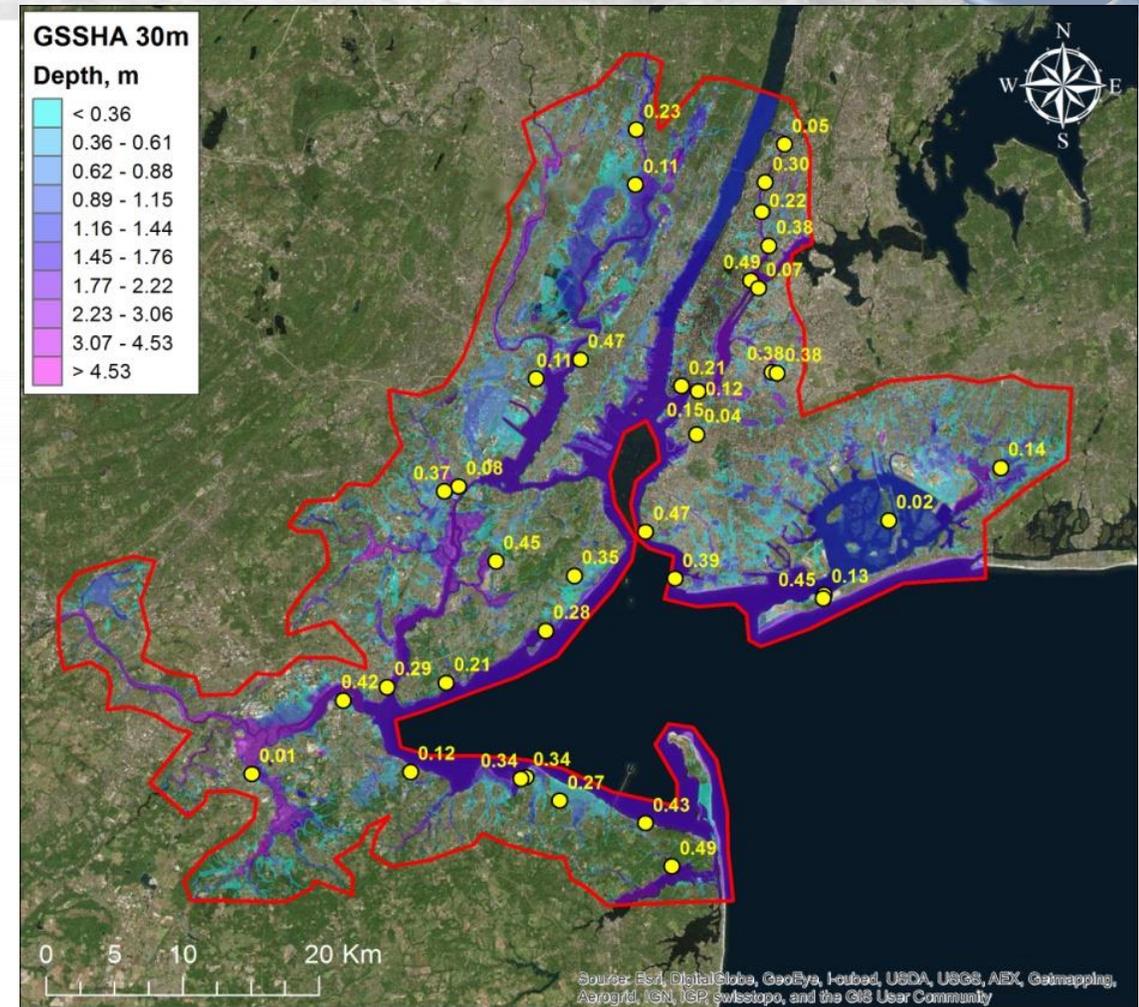


## Comparison to 180 USGS high water marks

| Absolute Error (AE), m | 75m | 30m | Cumulative Difference |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------|
| $AE \leq 0.50$         | 42  | 37  | -5                    |
| $0.50 < AE \leq 1.00$  | 43  | 55  | 7                     |
| $1.00 < AE \leq 2.00$  | 81  | 78  | 4                     |
| $AE > 2.00$            | 14  | 10  | 8                     |

| Statistic              | Grid Resolution |      |
|------------------------|-----------------|------|
|                        | 75m             | 30m  |
| Mean Absolute Error, m | 1.20            | 1.11 |
| RMSE, m                | 1.83            | 1.56 |

Examined grid resolution, grid rotation, adding bathymetry, cell flow obstructions, and variable depth manning's roughness.





# Where to Get Data



**US Army Corps  
of Engineers.**



# Historical Hurricane Data



## Historical Descriptions and Data

## Historical Descriptions and Data

Home Mobile Site Text Version RSS Local Forecast  Enter City, St or ZIP code

**NATIONAL HURRICANE CENTER and CENTRAL PACIFIC HURRICANE CENTER**  
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

ANALYSES & FORECASTS ▾ DATA & TOOLS ▾ EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES ▾ ARCHIVES ▾ ABOUT ▾ SEARCH ▾

### NHC Data Archive

[Data Archive](#) | [Publications](#)

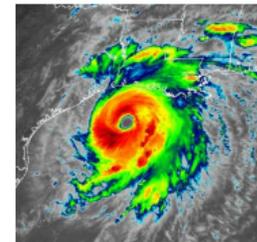
**Contents**

- Tropical Cyclone Reports
- Tropical Cyclone Advisories
- Graphical Tropical Weather Outlook (GTWO)
- Marine & Advisory Text Products
- Marine Graphical Products
- Best Track Data (HURDAT2)
- Past Track Seasonal Maps
- Past Track Maps of Major U.S. Landfalls
- Tropical Cyclone GIS Data
- Storm Wallet Scanning Project
- Tropical Cyclone Monthly Summaries
- Tropical Cyclone Annual Summaries (Atlantic)
- Tropical Cyclone Seasonal Outlooks
- Tropical Cyclone Climatology
- Tropical Cyclone Forecast Verification
- Aircraft Reconnaissance Archive
- Deadliest, Costliest, Most Intense Atlantic Storms
- Central Pacific Hurricane History

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/data/>

## Tropical Cyclone Rainfall

This set of pages remains in flux, with new information added from time to time. Data is available for impactful tropical and subtropical cyclones that impacted the U.S. from 1900 onward to the present, and Mexico between 1982 and 2003.



### Storms Available

[By Name](#)

[By Year](#)

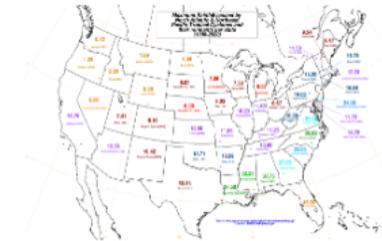
[By Region Of Impact](#)

[By Point Of Entry](#)

[Point Maxima in reverse chronological order](#)

[Pre-1956 U.S. T.C. Rainfall Publication](#)

[Rainfall analogs to current storms](#)



### Derived Information

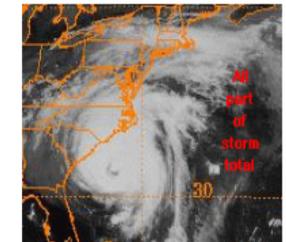
[Maxima Per U. S. State](#)

[Maxima Per U. S. County](#)

[\(autodownloading related .csv file\)](#)

[Maxima Per Mexican State](#)

[T.C. Rainfall Averages & Maxima per Duration](#)



### Background Information

[Methodology for climatology](#)

[Acknowledgments](#)

[Milestones](#)

[T.C. Rainfall Forecasting](#)

[T.C. Rainfall Powerpoint Slideshow](#)



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<https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/tropical/rain/tcrainfall.html>



# Current Hurricane Data



## National Hurricane Center

The screenshot shows the NOAA National Hurricane Center website. At the top, there are navigation links for Home, Mobile Site, Text Version, and RSS. A local forecast input field is present. The main header includes the NOAA logo and the text "NATIONAL HURRICANE CENTER and CENTRAL PACIFIC HURRICANE CENTER". Below this is a menu with categories like "ANALYSES & FORECASTS", "DATA & TOOLS", "EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES", "ARCHIVES", "ABOUT", and "SEARCH". A "Top News of the Day" section lists several items, including "Marine warnings are in effect for the Atlantic". A map of the Atlantic Ocean is displayed with tabs for "Central Pacific", "Eastern Pacific", and "Atlantic". A yellow 'X' is marked on the map in the Atlantic. A text box on the map reads "Atlantic Tropical Cyclones and Disturbances".

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/>

## Weather Underground

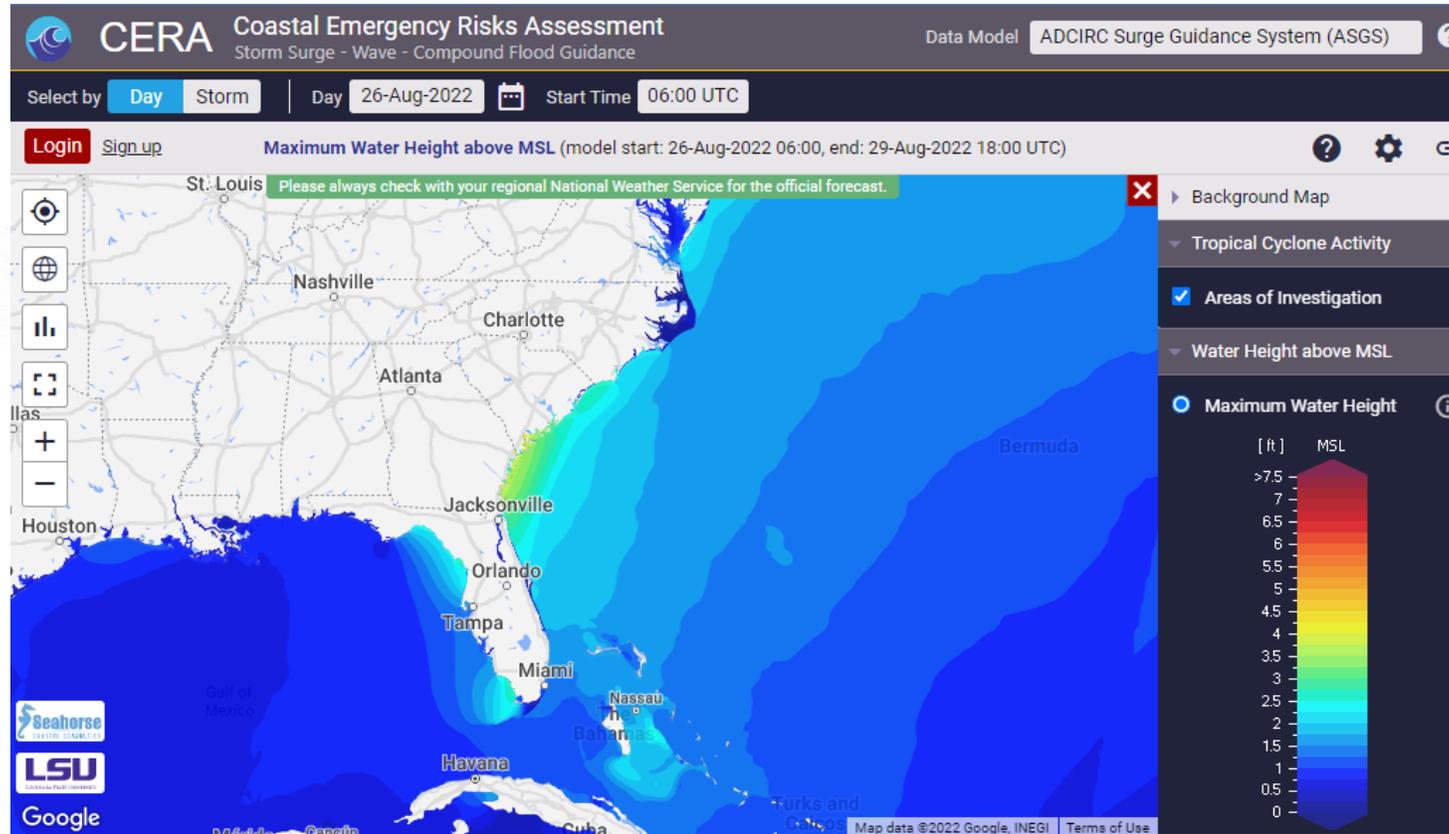
The screenshot shows the Weather Underground website. The top navigation bar includes "WEATHER UNDERGROUND", "Sensor Network", "Maps & Radar", "Severe Weather", "News & Blogs", "Mobile Apps", and "More". A search bar and "Log In | Join" links are also visible. The main heading is "Hurricane and Tropical Cyclones". Below this, there are tabs for "CURRENT ACTIVITY" and "HURRICANE ARCHIVE". A section titled "3 ACTIVE TROPICAL STORM ADVISORIES" includes a map of the Atlantic Ocean with color-coded regions. To the right, there is an advertisement for "NEW! Astepro® Allergy" with a "Buy Now" button.

<https://www.wunderground.com/hurricane>

# ADCIRC Storm Surge Data



## Historical and Current Modeled Storm Surge



US Army Corps of Engineers.

<https://cera.coastalrisk.live/cerarisk/>

